

# ERASMUS DESIDERIUS

A DIALOGUE OR  
COMMUNICATION OF  
TWO PERSONS

Desiderius Erasmus

**A dialogue or communication  
of two persons**

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## **Erasmus D.**

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## **Desiderius Erasmus**

**A dialoge or communication of two persons /  
Deuysyd and set forthe in the late[n] tonge,  
by the noble and famose clarke. Desiderius  
Erasmus intituled [the] pylgremage of pure  
deuotyon. Newly tra[n]slatyd into Englishe**

**A dialoge**

**or communication of**

**two persons, deuysyd**

**and set forthe in the la-**

**tê tonge, by the noble**

**and famose clarke**

**Desiderius Erasmus**

**intituled y<sup>e</sup> pyl-**

**gremage of**

**pure de-**

**uoty-**


**on**

## **Newly trāslatyd into Englishe**

## To the reder

Mongest the writings of all men, dearly belouyd reder, not onely of the diuersyte of tongues, but also the noble drawghts of so artifycall paynted figures, whiche haue so lyuely expressed to y<sup>e</sup> quycke ymage, the nature, ordre, & proporcyon of all states, as concernynge the gouernaunce of a Christen comêwealthe, that ther is (as I suppose) no parte of the scripture, which is not so enpowndyde, furnysshed, and set forthe, but that euery Christen man, therby may lerne his dewty to god, hys prynce, and hys nebure, and so consequently passe thourough the straye pathe of the whiche scripture doth testyfy vpon, very fewe can fynde y<sup>e</sup> entrye, wherby thorough faythe in the redêptyon of the worlde thorowe y<sup>e</sup> bloode of Christe the sone of god, to rayne with the father and the holy goste eternally, accordynge to the promyse of Christe, sayinge. In my fathers hawse ther be many placys to dwell in, we wyll come to hym and make a mansyon place with hym and I haue and shall open thy name vnto them, that the same loue with the whiche thou louydest me, may be in theym, and I in thê, and thys is the kyngdome of god so often mouyd to vs in holy scripture, whiche all faythfull shall possesse and inheret for euermore: where as y<sup>e</sup> vnfaythfull, vnryghtswye, and synner shall not entre in to the kyngdome of god, bycause, of chaûgynge the glory of gode immortall in to the ymage of a corruptyble man, and therefore to incentiously he hath suffrede them to wandre in theyr clowdes of ygnoraunce, preferrynge the lyes and corrupte iudgmentes of man the veryte and the truthe of god, rather seruyng the creature then the creator, amongst all the parties of the whiche (as was spoken at the begynnyng) thys alwaye not alonely in the newe law, but also in the olde Testament was as a thyng moost abhomynable and displesant in the sight of gode prohybyte and forbyden: but our nature whiche hath in hym, the dampnable repugnaûce of synne agaynst the omnypotêt power of gode, lest euyne frome owre fyrst father Adam, is so enclnyed to vyces, amongst the whiche it hath not gyuen the least parte to thys desperate synne of ydolatrie, agaynst the immaculate, and fearefull commandement of god. Thou shalt haue no straunge Gods in my syght, that it is sore to be dreadde the same iudgement to be gyuyn vpon vs that was gyuen vpon the cytye of Ninuyue to be absorped of the yerthe in to the yre and vengeannce of gode, whiche hath ben the cause that so many wryters bothe of late dayes, and many yeres passede, haue euyne to deathe, resisted thes dampnable bolsterers of ydolatrie, gyuen theyr selues to the crosse in example of reformacyon to theyr bretherne, bothe in wrytinge and counsell, exhortynge the flocke of Christe frome soche prophane doctryne, amongst whome the noble and famouse clerke *Desiderius Erasmus* hath setforthe to the quycke ymage, before mennys eyes, the supersticyouse worshype and false honor gyuyn to bones, heddes, iawes, armes, stockes, stones, shyrtes, smokes, cotes, cappes, hattes, shoes, mytres, slyppers, saddles, rynges, bedes, gyrdles, bolles, belles, bokes, gloues, ropes, taperes, candelles, bootes, sporres, (my breath was almost past me) with many other soche dampnable allusyones of the deuylle to use theme as goddes contrary to the immaculate scripture of gode, morouer he notethe as it were of arrogancye the pryuate iudgment of certayne that of theyr owne brayne wolde cast out ymages of the temple, with out a comen consent and authoryte, some there be that alwaye seke halowes, and go vpon pylgramages vnder a pretense of holynes, whervpon thes brotherhoodes and systerhoodes be now inuented, morouer they that haue ben at Hierusalem be called knightes of the sepulcre, and call one an other bretherne, and vpon palme-sondaye they play the foles sadely, drawynge after them an asse in a rope, when they be not moche distante frome the woden asse that they drawe. The same do they conterfayte that haue ben at saynt Iames in Compostella. But they be more pernycyouse, that set forthe vncertayn relyques, for certayne, and attrIBUTE more to them than they oughte to haue, and prostytute or sett theym forthe for fylthye lukre. But now whan they perceyue, that this theyr dâpnable  Corbane dothe decay, and that theyr most to be lamented blyndnes and longe accustomed errours shuld be redressed, they, all

fayre bothe of god and man set asyde, rebelle and make insurrectyones contrary to the ordynaunce of gode, agaynst theyr kynge and liege lorde, prouokynge and alluryng the symple comynaitye to theyre dampnable yprocrysye and conspyracy, myndyng and goynge about to preunte our most soueraigne lordes iudgment, not yet gyuê vpon theyr Sodomiticall actes, and most horryble yprocrysye. But the worde of the lorde whiche they so tyrannously go aboute to suppress w<sup>t</sup> all the fauerours therof shall ouercome & destroy all soch most to be abhorred & deceyuable inuegelers & dysturbers of y<sup>e</sup> symple people to soch detestable treason. And that it may so do to the terryble example of thes and a11 other rebelles and most dysloyal subiectes, and to y<sup>e</sup> greate comforthe & cōsolacyō of his gracys faythfull and true comens. I requyre him which brethethe where he willithe and raygnethe eternall gode to graūt vnto our seyde most dradde soueraygne lorde whose maiesty as it euydently appereth onely applieth his diligence to the aduansynge & lettynge forthe of the most holsome documenth and teachyng of almyghty god, to the redres of long accustome euyls and damnable sectes, to the supportacion and mayntenaunce of godly and allowable ceremonyes, to the suppressynge and most to be desired abolishyng of the deuelishe and detestable vsurped aucthoryties, dampnable errorrs and prophane abuses brought in by that myghty Golias, that obdurated Phareo, that proude Nembroth (whome god amêde) the byshope of Rome, to graunte (I say) vnto hys hyghnes, suche hys godly ayde and assistance, that hys grace with hys moost honorable counsell (agaynst whome this arrogant conspyracy is nowe moued and begonned) may ouercome and debelle the stud traytres as in tymes paste hys maiestye hath prudently do other, that haue hertofore attempted to perpetrate and brynge to passe like sedicyous mishief, and so to establishe the hartes of hys gracys true subiectes that they may wyllyngly and according to theyr dueties, obey and fulfill hys most lawfull and godly ordered lawes and commaundements wherby they shall not onely do the thyng agreable to goddes wylle and teachynges, in y<sup>t</sup> he willeth euery soule to be subiected to the hygher power and obedyent to theyr prynce, but also (to theyr greate laude and prayse) shall shewe them selfe to be redy and confirmable to do theyr dueties in aydyng hys excellent hyghnes to the reformacyon of all pernicious abuses & chiefly of detestable ydolatrie, whiche is so muche prohibited in holy scripture and most displeasent to god, for whiche intent and purpose the sayd most noble and famous clarke *Desiderius Erasmus*, compiled & made this dialoge in Laten, as it foloweth hereafter nowe lately translated into our mother the Englishhe tonge. Auoyd therefore, most deare readere, all abuses whereby any inconuenyence may growe, other to the hynderaunce of godes worde, to the displeasure of thy prynce, (whome thou arte so straitly commaunded to obaye, or to the damage of a publike weale, whiche about all vices is noted most to be abhorred, not alonely of the most holy wryteres and expownderes of scripture, but also of prophane gentylls, whiche neuer perceyuyd other thinge than nature enclyned theyr hartes vnto, and so consequently to obtayne the fruytion of the godhode thorowe the faythe that was

 A tresure boxe of y<sup>e</sup> Iewes.

**spoken of at the begynnyng to the**

**whiche the lorde Iesus Chri-**

**ste bryng vs all with a**



**perfaycte quyetnes,**

**So be it**



## A pylgremage, for pure deuocyō

**Enedemus.**


 What new thynges ys it, that I se? doo I nat see *Ogygyus* my neybur, whom no mā could espie of all thes sex monthes before? yt was a sayng that he was deed, It is euen he, except that I be ferre deceyuyd. I wyll go to hym, & byd hym good morow. Good morow  *Ogygyus*. Good morow to you Menedemus.


 Signifieth to forsake.

 was faynyd of an old kynge of Thebanes.

**Mene.** I pray you frome what contray do you come to vs ayen so saffe. For here was a great comunicacyō that you dyd sayle streght to hell.

**Ogy.** No, thankyd be god, I haue faryd as well syns I went hens, as euer I dyd in all my lyffe.

**Me.** Well, a man may well perceyue that all soche rumours be but vanytye. But I pray you what araye is this that you be in, me thynke that you be clothyd with cokle schelles, and be ladê on euery syde with bruches of lead and tynne. And you be pretely garnyshyd w<sup>t</sup> wrethes of strawe & your arme is full of  snakes egges.

 Signifyeth bedes. Malsyngam ys callyd parathalassia by cause it is ny to  
y<sup>e</sup> see.

**Ogy.** I haue bene on pylgremage at saynt Iames in Compostella, & at my retourne I dyd more relygyously vysyte our lady of Walsyngā in England, a very holy pylgremage, but I dyd rather vysyte her. For I was ther before within this thre yere.

**Me.** I trowe, it was but for your pleasure.

**Ogy.** Nay, it was for pure deuocyon.

**Me.** I suppose you learnyd that relygyō of the Grecyanes.

**Ogy.** My mother in law dyd make a vowe that if her dougther shuld be delyueryd of a man chyld alyue, than that I shuld go to saynt Iames on pylgremage, and ther to salute and thāke hym.

**Me.** Dyd you salute saynt Iames alonly in your name, and your mothers.

**Ogy.** No, in the name of all owre house.

**Me.** Verely I thynke y<sup>t</sup> your howshold as well shold haue prosperd, in case you had not salutyd hym at all. But I pray you what answer dyd he make to your salutacyon.

**Ogy.** Nothynges at all. But whā I dyd offre, me tought he dyd lawghe vpon me, and becke at me with hedde, & dyd reche to me this cokleshell.

**Me.** Wherfore dothe he gyue rather suche schelles, than other thynges.

**Ogygy.** For the see, whiche is nye vnto hym dothe mynystre plenty of suche.

**Me.** O holy saynt Iames, that bothe is a mydwylfe to women with chyld, and also dothe helpe his pylgrymes. But I pray you what new kynd of makyng voves is that that whan a mā is ydle he shall put the burden apon an other mannes bakke? In case that you doo bynd youre selffe with a vowe, that yf y<sup>e</sup> matter chaunche happyly whiche you haue in hande, that I for you shall fast twyse in on weke, do you beleue y<sup>t</sup> I can fulfyl youre vow?

**Ogy.** No, I doo not beleue it if that you dyd vowe it in youre awne name. It is but a sport with yow to mokke sayntes. But this was my mother in law, I must nedys obey her, you know womenes affectyones, & I must obaye heres.

**Me.** If that you had not perfourmyd your vowe, what iopertye had you be in?

**Ogy.** I graunt, he could not haue had an accyon ayenst me in y<sup>e</sup> law, but he myght from hensforthe be deafe to my vowes, orels pryuyly send some calamytye or wretchednes amongste my housholde, yow know well enuffe the maneres of great men.

**Me.** Tell me now what that same honest mā saynt Iames dothe, and howe he farythe.

**Ogy.** Moche colder thā he was wontyd to do.

**Me.** What is the cause of it? His age?

**Ogy.** Oh you scoffer, yow know wel enoghe that sayntes wax nat olde. But this new learnynge, whiche runnythe all the world ouer now a dayes, dothe cause hym to be vysytyd moche lesse than he was wontyd to be, for if any doo come thay salute him alonly, but they offre lytle or nothyng, and say that theyr monaye may bettre be disposyd amongste pore people.

**Me.** O a wykyd comunicacyon.

**Ogy.** Ye & so great an Apostle whiche was wōtyd to stand all in precyous stones & gold, now stādythe all of wodde hauynge before hym skaresly a wax candle.

**Me.** If it be trew that I here, it is great ioperdy lest that same chance to all the rest of the sayntes.

**Ogy.** I think it wel, for ther is an epistle abrode whiche our lady dyd wryte apou the same matter.

**Me.** What lady?

**Ogy.** She y<sup>t</sup> hathe her name of a stone.



Our ladi of stone in Raurachia whiche is a certayne cuntre.

**Me.** I trawe it is in Raurachia.

**Ogy.** That same is it.

**Me.** yow tell me of a stony lady, But to whome dyd she wryte?

**Ogy.** The epistle dothe playnely shew his name.


**Me.** By whome was it sent?

**Ogy.** No dowbt but by an angell, whiche dyd lay the wrytynges apō the aultre, wherof he prechythe to whome it was sent. And lest there shuld be any suspectyō of crafty cōuayance in you, you shall se the epistle wryten w<sup>t</sup> his owne hande.

**Me.** Do you know so well the hand of thangell whiche is secretary to our lady?

**Ogy.** Yee why nat?

**Me.** By what argumēt?

**Ogy.** I haue redde y<sup>t</sup>  Epithaphe of Bede which was grauyd of the angell: and the letteres agre in all thynges. I haue redde also y<sup>e</sup> obligacyō whiche was sent to saynt Gyles as dothe aper. Dothe not thes argumentes proue that mater to be good enoghe.



Is a scripture wryten on a graue.

**Me.** May a man loke apou them?

**Ogy.** ye and if you wyll swere to kepe it preuy.

**Me.** Oh you shall speake to a stone.


**Ogy.** Ther be stones now a dayes of that name very slawnderous, that wyll hyde nothyng.

**Me.** you shall speake to a domme man, & yow trust nat a stone.

**Ogy.** Apou y<sup>e</sup> condycyon I wyll tell it, loke that you here with bothe youre eyares.

**Me.** So I doo.

**Ogy.**

Mary the mother of Iesu to  Glaucoptutus sēdythe gretynge. Insomoche as you folowe Luther, you nobly perswade, that it is but in vayne to call apō sayntes, do y<sup>e</sup> well know for that to be grettly in my fauore. For vntyll thys day I haue almost be slayne w<sup>t</sup> the importunate prayers of men.

Of me alone they askyd althynges, as who shuld say my sone were alway a babe, because he is so faynyd and payntyd apō my breste, that yet he wold be at my commaudemēt and durst nat denye my petycyon, dredynge that if he denye my petycyon, that I shuld denye hym my teate whan he is a thurst: and very oft thay requyre that of me, whiche a shamfast yongman dare scantly aske of a Bawde, yee they be suche thynges as I am ashamyd to put in wrytynge. Now comythe y<sup>e</sup> marchantman and he redy to sayle into Spayne for a vantage, dothe cōmytte hys wyues honesty to me. Than comythe thet lytle preaty Nunne and she castythe away her vayle redy to runne away, she leuythe with me the good name of her vyrgynytye, whiche shortly she entendythe to take monay for. Than cryeth the wykyd soudyer purposyd to robbe & saythe, blessyd lady send me a good praye. Now cōmythe the vnthryfty dyasser and cryethe, send me good chance Lady & thow shalt haue parte of my wynnynges: and if the dyasse runne ayenst hym, he blasphemes, and cursythe me, bycause I wyll nat fauor his noghtynes. Now cryeth she that sellythe her selffe for fylthye lukre & saythe, swete lady send me some costumers, & if I denye it, they exclame ayenst me & say, thou arte not the mother of marcy. Moreouer the vowes of some women be no lesse wykyd thā folishe. The mayd cryeth & saythe, O swet Mary send me a fayre and riche husbond. The maryed womā saythe send me goodly chylderren. Now laborythe the woman with chyld, and cryeth dere lady dylyuer me of my bondes. Than cōmythe y<sup>e</sup> olde wyffe, and saythe flowre of all women send me to lyue longe withowt coghe and drynes. Now crepythe the the dotynge old man & saythe, lady send me for to wax yonge ayê. Thā cōmythe forth the phylosopher and cryethe send me some argumētis that be îsoluble. The great prest cryeth send me a fat benefyce. Thā saythe the bysshope kepe well my church. Thā cryethe y<sup>e</sup> hie Iustyce shew me thy sone or I passe out of this worlde. Thā saythe y<sup>e</sup> Cowrtyer send me trwe confession at the howre of my deathe. The husbondman saythe send vs temperate wether. The mylke wyffe cryethe owt blessyd lady saue our catell. Now if I denye anythyng by & by I am crwell. If I cōmytte it to my sone, I here them say, he wyll what so euer you wyll. Shall I than alone bothe a woman and a mayd helpe maryneres, sawdyeres, marchantmen, dyasseres, maryed mē, women with chyld, iudges, kynges, and husbondmen? ye and this that I haue sayd is the least parte of my payne. But I am nat now so moche trobled with soche busynes, for that I wold hartely thanke you, but that this commodityte dothe brynge a greater discōmodityte with hym. I haue now more ease, but lesse honor & profett. Before this tyme I was callyd quene of heuen, lady of the world, but now any man wyll skarsly say aue Maria or hayle Mary. Before I was clothyd with precyous stones and gold, and had my chaunges, and dayly ther was offeryd gold and precyous stones, now I am skarsly coueryd with halffe a gowne and that is all beeyten with mysse. My yerly rentes be now so smalle y<sup>t</sup> I am skarsly able to fynde my pore quere kepar to light a wax cādle before me. Yet all this myght be sufferyd, but you be abowt to pluke away greater thynges, you be abowt (as they say) that what so euer any saynte hathe in any place, to take hyt frome the churches, but take hede what you doo. For ther is no saynte without a way to reuêge his wronge. If you cast saynt Petre forthe of the church, he may serue you of the same sauce, and shite vp heuyngates ayenst you. y<sup>e</sup> saynt Paule hathe his sworde. Barthylmew is nat w<sup>t</sup> owt his great knyffe. Saynt Wyllyam is harnysyd vnder his monkes cloke, nat withowt a greate speare. What canst thou doo ayenst saynt George whiche is bothe a knyght & all armyd with hys longe spere and his fearfull sword? Nor saynt Antony is nat withowt hys weapenes for he hathe holy fyre w<sup>t</sup> hym. Ye the rest of the sayntes haue theyr weapones or myschefues, whiche they send apon whome they liste. But as for me thou canst not cast owt, except thou cast owt my sone, whiche I hold in myne armes. I wyll nat be seperat frome hym, other thou shalt cast hym owt with me or els thou shalt let vs bothe be, except that you wold haue a temple withowt a Christe. These be the thynges that I wold yow shall know ymagyne you therfore what shal be your answer. For this thinge pleasythe me very well. Frome oure stony church the calendes of Auguste, the yere frome my sonnes passyon a M. CCCCC. xiiii. I stony lady subscribyd thys with myne owne hande.

The epistle of our Lady.

✠ Glaucoplut<sup>9</sup> desirus of ryches.

**Me.** Trewly that was a soro and fearfull epistle, I suppose that Glaucoplutus wyll beware frō hêsforthe.

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