



PRONOMBRES EN INGLÉS CON EJEMPLOS



ARTSUN AKOPYAN

Artsun Akopyan

Pronombres en inglés con ejemplos

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Аннотация

Pronombres en Inglés con ejemplos: pronombres personales, demostrativos, posesivos, reflexivos, indefinidos, recíprocos, interrogativos y relativos. Este libro es para estudiantes de inglés como segunda lengua (ESL). Contiene todos los pronombres que se usan en el inglés hablado. Aprenderás a usar los pronombres mediante ejemplos, ilustraciones y ejercicios, en lugar de mediante teoría.

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Artsun Akopyan

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Prólogo

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Este libro es para estudiantes de Inglés como segunda lengua (ESL). Contiene todos los pronombres que se usan en el Inglés hablado. Aprenderás a usar los pronombres mediante ejemplos, ilustraciones y ejercicios, en lugar de mediante teoría.

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¿Qué es un pronombre?

Los **pronombres** son palabras que se usan para sustituir a nombres o a sintagmas nominales.

Por ejemplo, **I, you, he, she, himself, herself, this, that, who, whose, someone**, y demás.

Lista de pronombres y adjetivos posesivos usados en este libro

Pronombres personales de sujeto: **I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they.**

Pronombres personales de objeto: **me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them.**

Pronombres demostrativos: **this, that, these, those.**

Adjetivos posesivos (determinantes): **my, your, his, her, its, our, their.**

Pronombres posesivos: **mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, theirs.**

Pronombres reflexivos: **myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves, oneself.**

Pronombres indefinidos: **one, ones, no one, nobody, none, nothing, some, any, somebody, anybody, someone, anyone, something, anything, everybody, everyone, everything, both, each, all, either, neither, another, other, others, many, few, little, much, plenty, several, less, more, most.**

Pronombres recíprocos: **each other, one another.**

Pronombres interrogativos: **who, whom, whose, which, what, whoever, whichever, whatever.**

Pronombres relativos: **that, who, whom, whose, which, whoever, whatever, whichever.**

I, you, he/she/it, we, you, they

Las palabras **I, you, he, she, it, we, you, y they** son pronombres personales de sujeto.

I am



Aprende las palabras:

I – yo

man – hombre

woman – mujer

am – soy

a (an) – un/una

Estudia los ejemplos:

I am a man.

I am a woman.

You are



boy / child



you



girl / child

Aprende las palabras:

you – tú

boy – chico

girl – chica

child – niño/a

are – eres

not – no

too – también

Estudia los ejemplos:

You are a boy.

You are not a man.

You are a child.

You are a girl.

You are not a woman.

You are a child, too.

He / she is

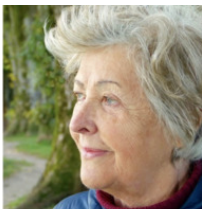


old man

he



she



old woman

Aprende las palabras:

he – él

she – ella

old – mayor

old man – hombre mayor

old woman – mujer mayor

is – es

Estudia los ejemplos:

He is an old man.

He is not a boy.

He is not a child.

She is an old woman.

She is not a girl.

She is not a child.

It is



Aprende las palabras:

it – eso

milk – leche

bottle – botella

milk bottle – botella de leche

cat – gato

baby – bebé

Estudia los ejemplos:

It is milk.

It is a bottle.

It is a milk bottle.

It is a cat.

It is a baby.

We are



young men



young women

Aprende las palabras:

we – nosotros/as

young – jóvenes

men – hombres

young men – hombres jóvenes

women – mujeres

young women – mujeres jóvenes

Estudia los ejemplos:

We are men.

We are young men.

We are not old men.

We are women.

We are young women.

We are not old women.

You are



boys / children



girls / children

Aprende las palabras:

you – vosotros/as

boys – chicos

girls – chicas

children – niños/as

and – y

Estudia los ejemplos:

You are boys.

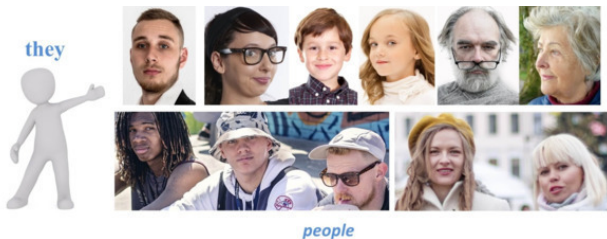
You are girls.

You are boys and girls.

You are children.

You are not men and women.

They are



Aprende las palabras:

they – ellos/as

people – gente

Estudia los ejemplos:

They are people.

They are young and old.

They are young and old people.

They are men, women and children.

Revisión: Unidades 1—7

Completa las oraciones.

1. I ____ a man.
2. She ____ a woman.
3. She ____ an old woman.
4. I ____ a woman.
5. It ____ milk.
6. They _____ people.
7. You _____ children.
8. He ____ an old man.
9. _____ are a boy.
10. ____ is a bottle.
11. You _____ girls.
12. It ____ a baby.
13. They _____ young and old.
14. He ____ not a boy.
15. _____ are not a man.
16. You _____ a child.
17. You _____ not men and women.
18. We _____ young women.
19. It ____ a milk bottle.
20. _____ are a girl.
21. She ____ not a girl.

22. We _____ young men.
23. You _____ boys.
24. It _____ a cat.
25. You _____ not a woman.
26. He _____ not a child.
27. You _____ boys and girls.
28. We _____ not old men.
29. She _____ not a child.
30. They _____ young and old people.
31. We _____ not old women.
32. They _____ men, women and children.

Respuestas.

1. I **am** a man.
2. She **is** a woman.
3. She **is** an old woman.
4. I **am** a woman.
5. It **is** milk.
6. They **are** people.
7. You **are** children.
8. He **is** an old man.
9. **You** are a boy.
10. **It** is a bottle.
11. You **are** girls.
12. It **is** a baby.

13. They **are** young and old.
14. He **is** not a boy.
15. **You** are not a man.
16. You **are** a child.
17. You **are** not men and women.
18. We **are** young women.
19. It **is** a milk bottle.
20. **You** are a girl.
21. She **is** not a girl.
22. We **are** young men.
23. You **are** boys.
24. It **is** a cat.
25. You **are** not a woman.
26. He **is** not a child.
27. You **are** boys and girls.
28. We **are** not old men.
29. She **is** not a child.
30. They **are** young and old people.
31. We **are** not old women.
32. They **are** men, women and children.

Me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them

Las palabras **me, you, him, her, it, us, you, y them** son pronombres personales de objeto.

Me



it's = it is

Aprende las palabras:

me – yo

look – mirar

at – a

look at – mirar a

can – poder

mirror – espejo

recognize – reconocer

in – en

mask – máscara

Estudia los ejemplos:

It's **me**. (*Inglés informal, uso moderno*)

It is **I**. (*Inglés formal, uso antiguo*)

(*It's me. = It is I.*)

Look at **me**!

Can you see **me**?

Can you see **me** in the mirror?

Can you recognize **me**?

Can you recognize **me** in the mask?

You



Aprende las palabras:

cannot – no poder

hear – oír

but – pero

yes – sí

Estudia los ejemplos:

Is it **you**, Jack?

I can see **you**.

I can hear **you**.

I cannot recognize **you**.

I can see and hear **you**, but I cannot recognize **you**.

Yes, it is **you**!

Him

It is him!



It is he.



Aprende las palabras:

him – él

king – rey

beat – ganar

compete – competir

with – con

compete with – competir con

disobey – desobedecer

argue – discutir

argue with – discutir con

Estudia los ejemplos:

Is it Batman?

Yes, it is **him**! (*Inglés informal*)

Is it King Arthur?

Yes, it is he. (*Inglés formal*)

(*it is **him** = it is he*)

It is Batman.

Can you compete with **him**?

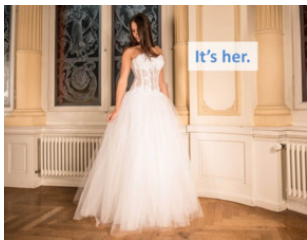
Yes. I can beat **him**.

It is King Arthur.

Can you disobey **him**?

Yes, I can argue with **him**.

Her



Aprende las palabras:

her – ella

who – quién

bride – novia

queen – reina

no – no

left – izquierda

right – derecha

on – a

on the left – a la izquierda

on the right – a la derecha

do – (*verbo auxiliar*)

does – (*verbo auxiliar tercera persona del singular*)

look – mirar

like – gustar

look like – parecerse

admire – admirar

ask – preguntar

Estudia los ejemplos:

Who is the bride? Is it Maria?

Yes, it's **her**. (*Inglés informal*)

Is it Queen Elizabeth?

Yes, it is she. (*Inglés formal*)

No, it is not she!

(*it is **her** = it is she*)

The woman on the left is a bride.

Do you like **her**?

I admire **her**.

The woman on the right is not Queen Elizabeth.

She does not look like **her**.

Ask **her** who she is!

It



Aprende las palabras:

it – ello

monkey – mono

cute – adorable

hold – sostener

holding – sosteniendo

play – tocar

flute – flauta

Estudia los ejemplos:

It is a cute monkey.

Do you like **it**?

I like **it**!

The monkey is holding a flute.

Can the monkey play **it**?

Can it play **it**?

The monkey cannot play the flute.

The monkey cannot play **it**.

It cannot play **it**.

Us



Aprende las palabras:

us – nosotros/as

friend – amigo/a

friends – amigos/as

your – vuestros/as

know – conocer

very – muy

well – bien

Estudia los ejemplos:

It's **us**, your friends! (*Inglés informal*)

It is we, the King and the Queen. (*Inglés formal*)

(*it's us = it is we*)

Look at **us**!

Can you recognize **us**?

You know **us** very well.

Them



Aprende las palabras:

them – ellos/as

horse – caballo

win – ganar

winner – ganador/a

behold – observar

knight – caballero

support – apoyar

fan – fan

of – de

Estudia los ejemplos:

Look at the horse and the boy.

It's **them** who are the winners! (*Inglés informal*)

Behold the knights!

It is they who are the winners! (*Inglés formal*)

(*it's **them** = it is they*)

I know **them**.

Do you support **them**?

I am a fan of **them**.

Revisión: Unidades 8—14

Elige la palabra correcta entre paréntesis.

1. It's (me, I). (*Inglés informal*)
2. It is (me, I) (*Inglés formal*)
3. Look at (me, I)!
4. Can you see (me, I) in the mirror?
5. Can you recognize (me, I) in the mask?
6. I can see and hear (you, me, I), but I cannot recognize you.
7. It is (he, him)! (*Inglés informal*)
8. Can you disobey (he, him)?
9. Yes, I can argue with (he, him).
10. It is (she, her). (*Inglés formal*)
11. Do you like (she, her)?
12. I admire (she, her).
13. She does not look like (she, her).
14. Ask (she, her) who she is!
15. It is a cute monkey. Do you like (him, her, it)?
16. It's (we, us), your friends! (*Inglés informal*)
17. Look at (we, us)!
18. Can you recognize (we, us)?
19. It is (they, them) who are the winners! (*Inglés formal*)
20. I know (they, them).
21. Do you support (they, them)?

22. I am a fan of (they, them).

Respuestas.

1. It's **me**.
2. It is **I**.
3. Look at **me**!
4. Can you see **me** in the mirror?
5. Can you recognize **me** in the mask?
6. I can see and hear **you**, but I cannot recognize **you**.
7. It is **him**!
8. Can you disobey **him**?
9. Yes, I can argue with **him**.
10. It is **she**.
11. Do you like **her**?
12. I admire **her**.
13. She does not look like **her**.
14. Ask **her** who she is!
15. It is a cute monkey. Do you like **it**?
16. It's **us**, your friends!
17. Look at **us**!
18. Can you recognize **us**?
19. It is **they** who are the winners!
20. I know **them**.
21. Do you support **them**?
22. I am a fan of **them**.

This, that, these, those

Las palabras **this**, **that**, **these** y **those** son pronombres demostrativos. También se pueden usar como adjetivos demostrativos.

This/that woman



here

this woman



there



that woman

Aprende las palabras:

this – este/a

that – ese/a

the – el/la

here – aquí

there – allí

another – otro/a

Estudia los ejemplos:

This is a woman.

The woman is here.

She is here.

This woman is here.

That is another woman.

The woman is there.

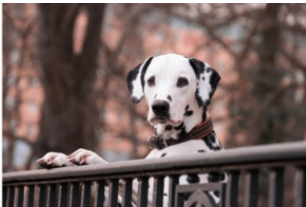
She is there.

That woman is there.

This/that dog



this dog



that dog

Aprende las palabras:

dog – perro

Estudia los ejemplos:

This is a dog.

The dog is here.

It is here.

This dog is here.

That is another dog.

The dog is there.

It is there.

That dog is there.

This/that ball



this ball



that ball

Aprende las palabras:

ball – pelota

Estudia los ejemplos:

This is a ball.

The ball is here.

It is here.

This ball is here.

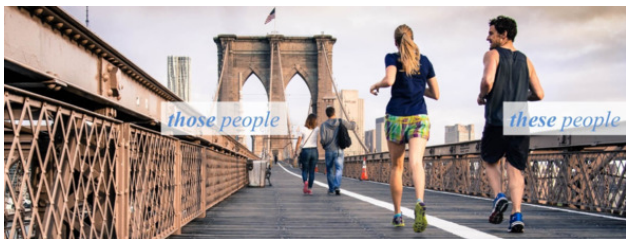
That is another ball.

The ball is there.

It is there.

That ball is there.

These/those people



Aprende las palabras:

these – estos/as

those – esos/as

two – dos

nearby – cerca

run – correr

running – corriendo

other – otro/a

far – lejos

away – lejos

far away – muy lejos

walk – caminar

walking – caminando

Estudia los ejemplos:

These are people.

Two people are nearby.

They are running.

These people are running.

Those are two other people.

They are far away.

They are walking.

Those people are walking.

These/those horses



Aprende las palabras:

horses – caballos

stand – estar de pie

standing – estar de pie

Estudia los ejemplos:

These are horses.

The horses are nearby.

They are running.

These horses are running.

Those are other horses.

The horses are far away.

They are standing.

Those horses are standing.

These/those books



these books



those books

Aprende las palabras:

book – libro

books – libros

on – sobre

table – mesa

on the table – sobre la mesa

shelf – estantería

shelves – estanterías

on the shelves – sobre las estanterías

Estudia los ejemplos:

These are books.

The books are here.

They are on the table.

These books are on the table.

Those are other books.

The books are there.

They are on the shelves.

Those books are on the shelves.

Revisión: Unidades 15—20

Usa *this*, *that*, *these* o *those* para completar las oraciones.

1. _____ ball is here.
2. _____ people are running. They are nearby.
3. _____ people are walking. They are far away.
4. _____ dog is there.
5. _____ horses are running. They are nearby.
6. _____ woman is here.
7. _____ ball is there.
8. _____ horses are standing. They are far away.
9. _____ dog is here.
10. _____ books are on the table. They are here.
11. _____ books are on the shelves. They are there.
12. _____ woman is there.

Respuestas.

1. **This** ball is here.
2. **These** people are running. They are nearby.
3. **Those** people are walking. They are far away.
4. **That** dog is there.
5. **These** horses are running. They are nearby.
6. **This** woman is here.

7. **That** ball is there.
8. **Those** horses are standing. They are far away.
9. **This** dog is here.
10. **These** books are on the table. They are here.
11. **Those** books are on the shelves. They are there.
12. **That** woman is there.

**My/mine, your/yours, his, her/
hers, its, our/ours, their/theirs**

Конец ознакомительного фрагмента.

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